

Sachs' The POPULAR STORE.

Now that Thanksgiving Day is approaching, here are a few items which ought to interest you:

TABLE LINENS

Full Bleached Table Damask, four handsome patterns to select from, 70 inches wide, good value for 75c; our price, 45c per yd. A better grade, 72 inches wide, for.....60c per yd. Others at 80c, \$1, \$1.25, \$1.50 and \$2.50 per yd.

NAPKINS

Full Bleached, 24x24 inches,.....\$1.75 per dozen. A Leader, 25x25 inches, \$2.25 per dozen, worth \$3.00. Extra Qualities, 25x25 inches, \$3, \$3.50, \$4, \$4.50.....and \$5 per dozen. Fringed Napkins, 75c, \$1.25, and \$1.75 per dozen.

THE HANDSOME DOLL

Now on view in our store will be given to the most popular child. A voting ticket will be given with each cash purchase.

We have also a good assortment of the celebrated Shamrock Brand of Linens in sets for round, oval, long and short square tables, with full size napkins to match.

300 Pieces Assorted Dimities, Lawns and Batistes regular value, 15c and 20c per yard, to close at 11 for \$1.00.

Sachs' Dry Goods Co., Ltd.
FORT STREET.

Carry's Magnesia

Flexible Cement Roofing

We have now a large stock of the above on hand. CEMENT ROOFING affords thorough fire protection to the building and is a non-conductor of heat and cold. No rusting, decaying, warping, cracking or melting; always flexible, quickly and easily applied. Pure water flowing from the roof can be used for domestic purposes. Can be applied on old shingles or metal roof. Wind and fire proof. For flat or steep surfaces. We solicit your enquiries and will promptly furnish any information desired.

THEO. H. DAVIES & CO., Ltd.
SOLE AGENTS.

GRAND REMOVAL SALE

For one week only commencing Saturday, November 16, our entire stock will be offered at reduced prices on account of removing to Robinson Bldg., Hotel street, on Saturday, November 23. Give us a call and convince yourself of our low prices.

U. SEKOMOTO,
14 Hotel Street, near Nuuanu.

S. SHIMAMOTO

General Merchandise, Dry Goods, Groceries. Japanese Provisions, etc.

MAGDOON BLOCK, MERCHANT STREET.

P.O. Box 886 Main 211

GOO KIM, NUUANU STREET,
above Hotel.

BIG HOLIDAY STOCK OF TOYS.

Many new Styles Table Covers, Embroidered both of Grass Linen and Silk. Embroidered Piano Covers, Silk Handkerchiefs, Etc. Heavy Pongee Silk and White Silks, Victoria Lawn, India Lawn and Lace of all kinds. New stock of Swiss Embroideries. DRY GOODS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

P. O. Box 955.

TEL. 18.

WING WO CHAN

THE OLDEST CHINESE FIRM IN HONOLULU.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

Dealers in Fine Silks and Grass Linens. Chinese and Japanese Goods of All Kinds. 210-212 Nuuanu street

WELL WORDED WANTS IN

THE BULLETIN

WORK WONDERS

HILL AND GORMAN

AGAIN TO THE FRONT IN DEMOCRATIC RANKS

Interesting Results of Late Elections--Gorman Better Than Wellington--Politics of Maryland.

Washington, Nov. 2.—Washington is beginning to put on its Congressional appearance. Senators and Representatives are seen on the streets in increasing numbers, and at the White House and in the departments they are more and more in evidence. These gentlemen are the advance guard of the legislators who, on December 2, will be doing business again at the old stand, and remain in session for six or seven months.

Washingtonians generally will welcome the return of Congress, for it brings business, visitors, and makes many people prosperous. The nine months during which Congress is absent from Washington every other year is a period of comparative dullness in Washington, not that four hundred odd "statesmen" bring so much money to Washington, though they expend several million dollars here, but they bring people to the city to see Congress in session, to appear before the committees and urge legislation. And the money thus expended here is a mighty important item in the prosperity and business activity of this old town.

While the returns of the late election really give the Democrats no hope for the future, the Democratic party has the satisfaction of knowing that, as a result of the elections, they will, on March 4, 1902, gain two Senators, Maryland will send Arthur P. Gorman here as the successor of the deceased Wellington, and the Democrats in the Senate will be given a numerical leader. Then some sort of Democrat is certain to succeed Senator Deboe, of Kentucky. The Republicans generally will much prefer Senator Gorman to the incumbent of that Senatorial chair, but Senator Deboe will not be very much missed from the Senatorial councils, and yet each one of these States will send a Senator whose title, while undisputed, will not be unblemished.

Kentucky is in such a shameful political condition that the State has lost prestige that it will be difficult to overcome. And the election methods that made possible a Democratic Legislature are not creditable to that great State. In Maryland Gorman succeeded in winning the Legislature by means of an election law that is denounced by its authors who profited by it. And there are charges of fraud, based on such evidence as to bring conviction of their truth, that do not react to the credit of the Democratic party. And now Mr. Gorman has succeeded in assuring his own return to the Senate, the Democrats want to repeal the law that caused his election. However, much as the return of Gorman to the Senate may be objected to by Republicans generally, and much as they may condemn the methods employed to defeat the Republicans in Maryland, the fact remains that the Republican party in Maryland has not really deserved success in that it has sent to Washington a man who is altogether creditable to the State. Senator McComas, a gentleman every inch, is the best of the lot, and yet he is not a strong quantity in the Senate. As for the other Republicans, they are absolutely worthless. In one or two cases they are not creditable. Perhaps as a result of their recent defeat, the Maryland Republicans may pick up men of greater strength of character and avoid the disgrace of the responsibility for the election of this man Wellington, who is to be succeeded by Gorman, and who was elected as a Republican.

Politicians are gossiping now as to the influence Hill on the one hand and Gorman, on the other, will have in reorganizing Brylman out of the Democratic party. Some people, and they are in the majority, regard ex-Senator Hill, of New York, as the coming great Democratic leader, while others think that Gorman, by reason of the prestige gained by his reelection and his leadership of the Senate Democrats, will cut the greater figure. It is certain that Gorman will cut no small figure. He is a splendid organizer, and as the leader of a minority that needs vitalization he can make a great deal of capital for himself and much to destroy the still living roots of Bryanism. Yet he won by a very narrow margin and in a manner that is certainly open to criticism. He must continue to hold Maryland and gain strength there. A Governor and a Legislature are still to be elected before the next National Democratic Convention.

Hill, on the other hand, has to reorganize his party and strengthen it. He must, to be sure, fight a gubernatorial campaign in autumn, but he will gain prestige if he succeeds in cutting down the Republican majority in the Empire State. Hill is more popular with his party generally than is Gorman. And then, Gorman has a reputation for weakness in great emergencies, as was evidenced twice in Democratic National Conventions, when, had he been arm and aggressive, he might have won a victory, if not for himself, for the element of his party which he represented. However, each of these men promises to be an important and useful factor in the work of getting Democracy back somewhere near to the position in public confidence it had acquired when Grover Cleveland was its leader.

ANGLO-RUSSIAN AFFAIRS.

New York, Nov. 23.—Referring to the recent articles in the British press favoring an Anglo-Russian understanding, the St. Petersburg correspondent of the London Times and New York Times quotes an article opposing this suggestion in the Novoye Vremya. This paper belittles Great Britain, saying she has fallen greatly from her former high estate, as is shown by her concessions to the United States and Germany.

The correspondent draws the moral that Great Britain ought not to sacrifice her interests in Persia because of indignation Germany, but rely on herself alone. Then, he says, Russia would be ready to co-operate in finding ways of fulfilling the missions of both countries with the least possible friction.

Get your periodicals bound at the EVENING BULLETIN'S Bindery.

You May Need
Pain-Killer
For Cuts Burns Bruises
Cramps Diarrhoea All Bowel Complaints
It is a sure, safe and quick remedy.
There's ONLY ONE
Pain-Killer
Perry Davis.
Two sizes, 50c. and 10c.

TUBERCULOSIS STATUS

IMMIGRANT WILL TEST THE LAW

Refused Landing Under Contagious Disease Ruling--Lawyer Will Test Opinions of Physicians.

New York, Nov. 23.—In deciding the case of Thomas Boden, the courts will rule whether or not a man suffering from tuberculosis can be excluded from this country. This is the first case in which the constitutionality of the Treasury ruling, that consumptives shall be prevented from landing as immigrants, will be passed upon by the courts. Thomas P. Boden arrived here from Ireland November 9th, a steamer passenger of the Cunard line steamer Lucania. His wife and child were with him. He has relatives who live in Philadelphia. They were able to guarantee that he would not become a public charge, and he had means of his own.

The authorities at Ellis Island are satisfied on that score, but they declined to admit him because examination by physicians of the Marine Hospital Corps showed he had tuberculosis of the lungs. He appealed to the Treasury Department and a re-examination was ordered. The Treasury Department ordered that Boden be sent back on the next Cunard line steamer, the Etruria, which sails today. Francis Tobin, a lawyer from Philadelphia, has obtained a writ of habeas corpus until the act of Congress, under which it is proposed to exclude Mr. Boden, is framed to prevent the admission of persons "suffering from a loathsome or a dangerous disease."

Mr. Boden claims that the majority of physicians do not regard consumption as contagious.

TEMPERANCE AND CANTINEEN

Fort Worth, Tex., Nov. 18.—The fourth day's session of the National Woman's Christian Temperance Union held under consideration in the morning the dead of the year, work among negroes, work in penal and reformatory institutions and among soldiers and sailors. The afternoon session had for its chief feature the report of the committee on resolutions.

The report of Mrs. Lucy Therman, superintendent among the negroes of the country, showed encouraging progress among the race. The riots in Louisiana, the report said, had interfered with work. An encouraging feature of the forenoon session was a statement from the chair that the amount of money pledged and collected at this meeting was the largest ever realized at any gathering of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union.

Among the dead for whom services were conducted were Mrs. Zerelda G. Wallace, Mrs. Jane Baird Van Allen of Montana, Mrs. Narcissa White Kinney of Oregon and Rev. Joseph Cook. Resolutions were adopted denouncing any direct or indirect system of license or legal sanction of the liquor traffic as contrary to gospel and constitutional law; opposing the sale, manufacture or transportation of alcoholic liquors in any State or Territory under the jurisdiction of the United States, and approving the action of Congress in passing the anti-canteen law, and declaring "that we shall continue to urge upon Congress the necessity of appropriating a sufficient fund to provide a comfortable amusement room and an improved ration."

PRECIOUS BABIES.

Mother's comfort. Father's delight. God's dearest earthly gift to man. What a happy sight; the healthy, robust vigorous, rollicking, always the same baby. What a sad sight; the puny, blue and pale, restless, crying baby. Nine out of ten times the child is troubled with worms. It shows it in convulsions, spasms, colic. And ten times out of ten Kickapoo Indian Worm Killer will drive out the pesky life-eating worms. It is nature's remedy and as the healthy child is the natural child, it must make the sickly child healthy. The Indians living close to nature, discovered the remedy. For centuries they used it to make their babies rugged, powerful, fearless. What it has done for the child of the forest it will do for the child of the civilized—cure. That is what it has been doing for years. You can get it of your druggist for 25 cents. Be sure and get the genuine. The child's life is too precious to trifle with worthless substitutes. Hobron Drug Co., agents for the Kickapoo Indian Remedies.

The Bulletin, 75 cents per month.

\$4.00 for 25 cts!
Ladies—WATER—GENTS—
We Mean What We Say—our Choice of Solid Silver, Gold Plate or Silverware. No worthless tickets. A new and easy plan. Send Stamp and we mail instructions, testings, etc. and send FREE as a souvenir a Pretty Piece of Gold Plated Jewelry. Write at once. Same Book Co., Box 25, Asheville, N. Carolina, U.S.A.

ANTI-TOXIN LOCKJAW

HEALTH OFFICERS OF ST. LOUIS WERE CARELESS

Use of Diphtheria Anti-Toxin Resulted in Many Deaths--Report of Coroners Jury Places Direct Blame.

St. Louis, Nov. 18.—Coroner, Funkhouser today rendered a verdict finding the St. Louis health department negligent in the preparation of diphtheria anti-toxin that caused the deaths by lockjaw (tetanus) of seven children to whom it was recently administered for diphtheria. The verdict in part is as follows: "We find that the deceased came to their death from tetanus, following the administration of diphtheria anti-toxin containing tetanus toxin, said diphtheria anti-toxin having been prepared and issued by the Health Department of the city of St. Louis, and bearing dates on labels of August 24th and September 30, 1901."

"The presence of tetanus toxin in the diphtheria anti-toxin, shown negligence upon the part of the Health Department in the preparation of the said diphtheria anti-toxin, and in the issuance thereof."

For some time the City Health Department has been making anti-toxin for use in diphtheria cases. This was distributed among practicing physicians throughout the city free of charge, and used in the city institutions quite generally. In many cases it is said to have saved lives. The serum was obtained from horses that are said to have contracted tetanus. A committee of bacteriologists which has been at work on the anti-toxin since the cases were taken up by the coroner has made its report, which is given out in connection with the verdict. The report says:

"The diphtheria anti-toxin prepared by the Health Department of the city of St. Louis and dated September 30th, was the cause of the recent deaths from tetanus in the cases where this anti-toxin was used. This anti-toxin was sterile, but contained the toxin of the tetanus bacillus in considerable amount."

"There were two different sera issued under date of August 24th, one serum not containing the tetanus toxin and characterized by other properties, while the other contained the tetanus toxin and was identical with the serum bearing date of September 30th."

"The most important result we have arrived at is the positive demonstration that the toxic serum dated August 24th and that dated September 30th are identical. From this we conclude that the serum of September 30th was issued without having been tested by the proper methods, and that a part of it was filled into bottles bearing the date of August 24th, or was furnished with labels having previously been stamped with this date."

The report says that this serum was issued without having been tested in the usual way. It declares that simple tests would have disclosed at once the deadly nature of the mixture.

NICARAGUA CANAL ROUTE

New York, Nov. 21.—The Journal this morning prints what purports to be a verbatim copy of the report of the Nicaragua Canal Commission. It is emphatically in favor of the Nicaragua route. The total cost is fixed at \$189,864,062. The Panama ditch would cost, it says, with the purchase price, \$253,374,858. The Commission decides in favor of a canal with locks. The Commission reviews at length the water features of both routes, and concludes that both are satisfactory for the operations of a ship canal.

The difficulties disclosed and likely to be encountered in the construction of dams are less at Conchuda, on the Nicaragua line, than on the Panama route. Both dams, however, are practicable, but the cost of the Panama dam is one-half more than that at Conchuda. The advantages in design and construction of dams are in favor of the Nicaragua route.

It is estimated that two years of preparatory work are necessary before the real excavation of the canal begins. The total length of the Nicaragua route from sea to sea is 183.66 miles, while the total length of the Panama route is 49.05 miles. The estimated cost of the construction of the canal on the Nicaragua route is \$16,530,794 more than that of completing the Panama canal, omitting the cost of acquiring the latter property. This sum measures the difference in magnitude of the obstacles to be overcome in the actual construction of the two canals, and covers all physical considerations, such as greater or less height of dams, greater or less depth of cuts, presence or absence of natural harbors, presence or absence of railroads and the amount of work remaining to be done.

The estimated annual cost of maintaining and operating the Nicaragua canal is \$1,250,000 greater than for the Panama. The latter would have less summit elevation and fewer locks. The estimated time for a deep-draft vessel to pass through is about twelve hours for the Panama and thirty-three hours for the Nicaragua.

CLEVELAND'S ILLNESS.

Princeton, N. J., Nov. 23.—Mrs. Grover Cleveland made the following statement to the correspondent of the Associated Press today: "Mr. Cleveland is suffering from a cold in the head, which he contracted a short time ago. He was most annoyed by it on Thursday, but since then he has been resting comfortably. He has not been threatened with pneumonia, and if he has been in any danger whatever of serious illness, there is surely no further indication of it in his present condition. He is confined to his room, but we expect his complete recovery soon."

Subscribers to the BULLETIN not receiving their papers promptly will confer a favor by notifying the Business Office; Telephone 256.

Mexican Cigars AT HALF PRICE.

HAWAIIAN TOBACCO CO., Ltd., Corner Merchant and Nuuanu Sts. P. O. Box 978.

Grand Opening CAMARINOS' Gambrinus Saloon

ALAKEA ST., NEAR KING.

Everything Very Touching.

Beautiful garden scene containing coffee trees in full bearing, bananas and pineapples, all inside. Everybody invited.

Evening Bulletin, 75c per month



"If you don't want whiskey to get the best of you, you must get the best of whiskey."
"I do lady, but when a fellow's only got a nickel he can't buy CRYSTAL NOSH."

W. C. Peacock & Co., Ltd. Sole Agents.

Metropolitan Meat Co., LIMITED.

Fresh Meats and Fish by Every Steamer

From the Coast that has Cold Storage.

Choice Beef, Veal, Mutton, Lamb and Pork always on hand.

Also Poultry, Salmon and Halibut.

The Metropolitan Market, King St., Tel. 45. The Booth, Fishmarket, Telephone 379. Central Market, Nuuanu St., Telephone 104.

THE EVENING BULLETIN
THE OLDEST HAWAIIAN DAILY PAPER
A KLONDER FOR ADVERTISERS

OAHU CARRIAGE MFG CO., Ltd.

1179 River Street. Bet. Beretania and Paohi.

Tel. Blue 541. P. O. Box 978.

Latex Tires put on in Satisfactory Manner.

MANUFACTURERS OF Fine Carriages, Wagons and Trucks. Repair Work a Specialty. All orders promptly attended to. Only competent help employed.

THE GERMANIA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF NEW YORK.

ASSETS, \$27,378,533.30.

Paid to Policy Holders since 1860 for Death Claims, \$24,373,469.65. For Matured Policies, \$7,507,608.37. Dividends and Surrenders, \$13,699,134.37.

Total, \$45,577,212.39.

B. M. METT MAY,

Manager for Hawaiian Islands.

JUDD BUILDING.

THE ORIENTAL LIFE INSURANCE CO., LTD.

J. P. McCOY, President.

CAPITAL STOCK, \$500,000.00.

The only insurance company in the world issuing policies in both the ENGLISH and CHINESE languages. Policies contain all modern advantages of the endowment and other forms issued by the leading American companies. Governed by the safest insurance systems. The pioneer Chinese-American company.

TEL. MAIN 78.

HOME OFFICE, 301-302 Stangenwald Building, Honolulu, T. H.

Weekly Bulletin, \$1.00 per year